HOUSE BILL ANALYSIS SB 5094

Title: An act relating to the release of offenders.

Brief Description: Prescribing procedures for release of offenders.

Sponsors: Senator Roach.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND CORRECTIONS

Hearing Date: January 20, 1998.

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Background: Current law requires defendants who have been convicted of felony offenses

to be detained in jail or prison pending sentencing unless the court finds they do not pose a flight risk or a danger to the safety of any person or the community, and the offense for which they have been convicted is not one of a specific list of felony sex offenses (i.e., rape of an adult or child, child molestation, luring, incest, etc.) or an offense with a finding of sexual

motivation.

Courts are given the discretion under current law to stay the implementation of a judgment and sentence (to not hold or detain a defendant in incarceration) during an appeal from a criminal conviction unless the court finds certain circumstances to exist.

The court may not stay execution of a judgment and sentence (release a defendant) pending appeal if a preponderance of the evidence shows any of the following: (a) the defendant is likely to flee or pose a danger to the community; (b) the delay will unduly diminish the deterrent effect of the punishment; (c) the stay will cause unreasonable trauma to the victims of the crime or their families; (d) the defendant has not made sufficient efforts to pay financial obligations under the judgment; or (e) the crime is an offense with a finding of sexual motivation or one of the following felony sex offenses: Rape in the first or second degree; rape of a child in the first, second, or third degree; child molestation in the first, second, or third degree; sexual misconduct with a minor in the first or second degree; indecent liberties; incest; luring; any class A or B felony that is a sexually motivated offense; communication with minors for immoral purposes; or any offense that is a criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit one of those offenses.

Releases pending sentencing or appeal may be conditioned on the posting of an appeal bond, cash, or other security, or a defendant may be released on his or her personal recognizance.

Summary: When deciding whether an offender should be detained after conviction

pending sentencing, the court must consider whether the release will cause unreasonable trauma to the victims of the crime or their families, in addition

to considering the offender's risk to flee or whether the offender poses a danger to the community.

If the court releases the defendant and does not require the defendant to post bond, cash, or other security, the court must state its reasons for that decision

on record.

Rules Authority: No.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.